



## Department of Defense (DoD) - Foreign Assistance Overview

The Department of Defense (DoD) undertakes a number of activities to encourage and enable international partners to work with the United States to achieve strategic objectives. A small number of these activities are foreign assistance-related in approach, whereby Congress has authorized DoD to train, equip, and support foreign defense and security establishments under a discrete set of circumstances. These programs are listed below, but do not include Department of State (DOS)-owned and DoD-administered security assistance programs, which are referenced on DOS section of the ForeignAssistance.gov.

### DoD Programs Currently Reporting to ForeignAssistance.gov\*

12 DoD programs implementing foreign assistance initiatives are currently reported to ForeignAssistance.gov. The following section provides an overview of each of the 12 DoD programs and data types that are currently reported to the site.

#### 1. Afghanistan Infrastructure Fund (AIF)

The Afghanistan Infrastructure Fund (AIF) contributes to the broader Afghanistan Infrastructure Program which focuses on extending availability of water and electricity to the population. AIF was a two-year appropriation that existed between FY11-FY14. DoD is reporting is the obligations and disbursements that occurred in FY15 regardless of what year the funds were appropriated. For this reason, you'll see instances where disbursements far exceed obligations because we're continuing to disburse funds for projects that we're obligated in prior years.

#### 2. Afghanistan Security Forces Fund (ASFF)

The Afghanistan Security Forces Fund (ASFF) authorizes and funds DoD assistance to the security forces of Afghanistan to include the provision equipment and equipment sustainment; supplies; services; training; facility and infrastructure repair, renovation and construction; and funding for salaries and incentives and other line items.

#### 3. Commanders Emergency Response Program (CERP)

The Commanders Emergency Response Program (CERP) Enables commanders, primarily at the tactical level, to immediately response to emergent needs such as providing battle damage and condolence payments and undertaking small scale projects near US facilities that assist the local community and enhance force protection.

\*DoD Country Strategy and Planning Documents are classified and will not be reported on FA.gov.  
DoD Program Overview Updated: December 10, 2015



#### **4. International Counter-Drug Program (IDCP)**

The IDCP provides defense articles and services to foreign counternarcotic (C/N) law enforcement agencies; including non-lethal equipment and services support to combat drug production and drug transiting in selected countries.

#### **5. Combating Terrorism Fellowship Program (CTFP)**

The Combating Terrorism Fellowship Program (CTFP) is a Secretary of Defense authority (Title 10) to build partnerships in the struggle against violent extremism through targeted, non-lethal, combating terrorism (CbT) education and training for mid- to senior-level international military officers, ministry of defense civilians, and security officials.

#### **6. Cooperative Threat Reduction (CTR)**

The Cooperative Threat Reduction (CTR) includes the following activities: Cooperative Biological Engagement Program, Proliferation Prevention Program, Strategic Offensive Arms Elimination, Other Assessment/Administration Costs, Threat Reduction Engagement Program, Chemical Weapons Destruction.

#### **7. International Counter-Proliferation Program (ICP)**

The Defense Threat Reduction Agency's International Counter proliferation Program (ICP) is a congressionally mandated interagency Department of Defense / Federal Bureau of Investigations / Department of Homeland Security (DoD/FBI/DHS) program which provides weapons of mass destruction (WMD) training to participating countries in Europe, Asia, and Africa to enhance and improve foreign capabilities to combat the proliferation of WMD and related materials across international borders. The DoD joint program aids host country law enforcement agencies that deter, detect, identify, investigate and respond to crimes involving WMD proliferation and WMD terrorism, and assists in the continuing development of a professional cadre of border, customs and law enforcement personnel.

#### **8. DoD HIV/AIDS Prevention Program (DHAPP)**

DHAPP is intended to reduce the incidence of HIV/AIDS among uniformed personnel across the globe by assisting in developing and implementing culturally focused military-specific HIV prevention, care, and treatment programs. DHAPP is integrated with similar programs offered by other US Government agencies, allied governments, and organizations dedicated to HIV/AIDS prevention, care, and treatment.



## **9. Global Train and Equip (GT&E)**

Section 1206, the Global Train and Equip Program, is intended to build partnership capacity for time-sensitive, “new and emerging” counter-terrorist operations or to participate in or support military and stability operations in which the U.S. armed forces are a participant.

## **10. Humanitarian and Civil Assistance (HCA)**

The Combatant Commanders Civil Affairs’ Humanitarian and Civil Assistance (HCA) are conducted to relieve or reduce the results of natural or manmade disasters or other endemic conditions such as human pain, disease, hunger, or privation that might present a serious threat to life or that can result in great damage to or loss of property. The four focus areas are: education support, health support, disaster preparedness, and basic infrastructure construction and repair.

## **11. Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster & Civic Aid (OHDACA)**

The OHDACA appropriation funds three programs: 1) Humanitarian Assistance Program: makes available non-lethal excess property; medical, dental, veterinarian services and supports minor construction projects; repair of roads, schools, clinics; well digging, and flood control. 2) Humanitarian Mine Action Program: trains host nation trainers in clearing existing landmines and explosive remnants of war, mine-risk education and awareness, medical and safety requirements, and organizing local programs. 3) Foreign Disaster Relief/Emergency Response: enables rapid response from geographic commanders to provide logistics management, airlift, search and rescue, humanitarian daily rations, emergency supplies such as plastic sheeting, tents, bedding, water and other essential materials and services.

## **12. Coalition Readiness Support Program (CRSP)**

DoD reimbursement of certain countries supporting U.S. military and stability operation in Afghanistan and post-operation Iraq border security with U.S.-funded equipment, supplies, and training. These funds may also be used for the purpose of providing specialized training and procuring supplies and specialized equipment and providing such supplies and loaning such equipment on a non-reimbursable basis to coalition forces supporting U.S. military operations in Afghanistan.